

ISA/IEC 62443-4-1 Audit and Certification Process Overview

LIVE WEBINAR
2021-04-28



Agenda

- General overview of the multi-standard IEC 62443
- General overview of audit and certification process
- Introduction ISASecure® ISA/IEC 62443-4-1 SDLA program
- Overview of ISASecure® ISA/IEC 62443 SDLA requirements
- Q&A Session

Your Speakers

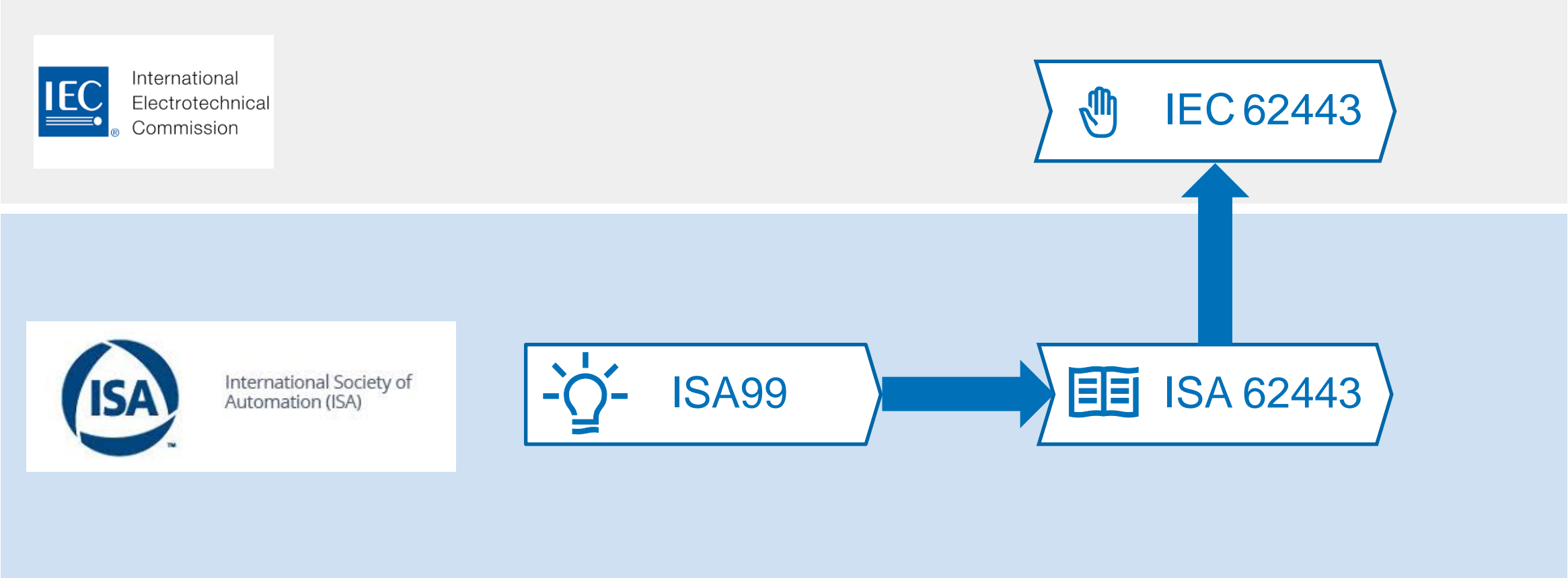
Sergei Biberdorf
TÜV Rheinland Industrial Service



Zakarya Drias
Schneider Electric



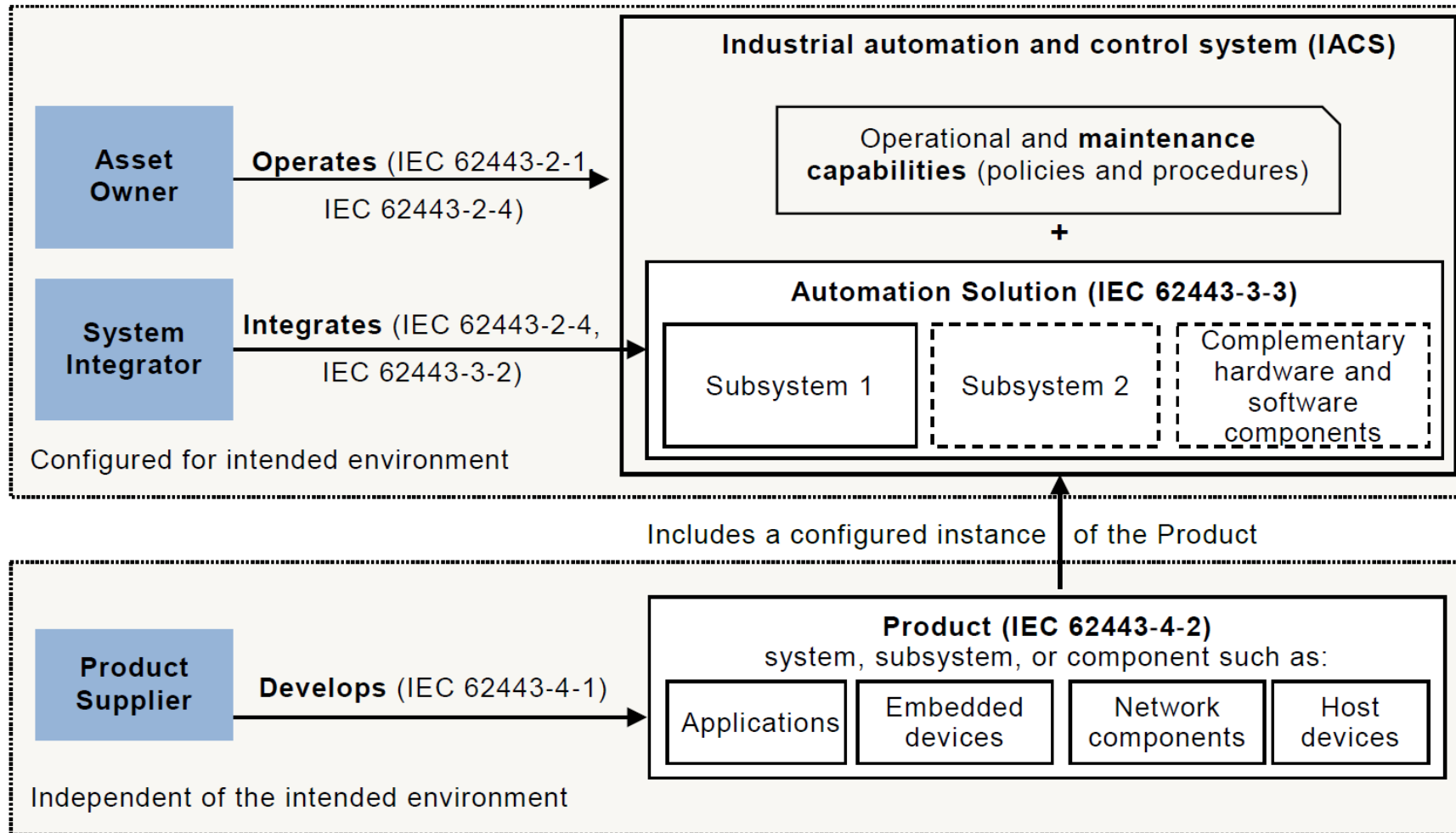
ISA/IEC 62443 International Standard



General overview of the multi-standard IEC 62443

Part 2/3

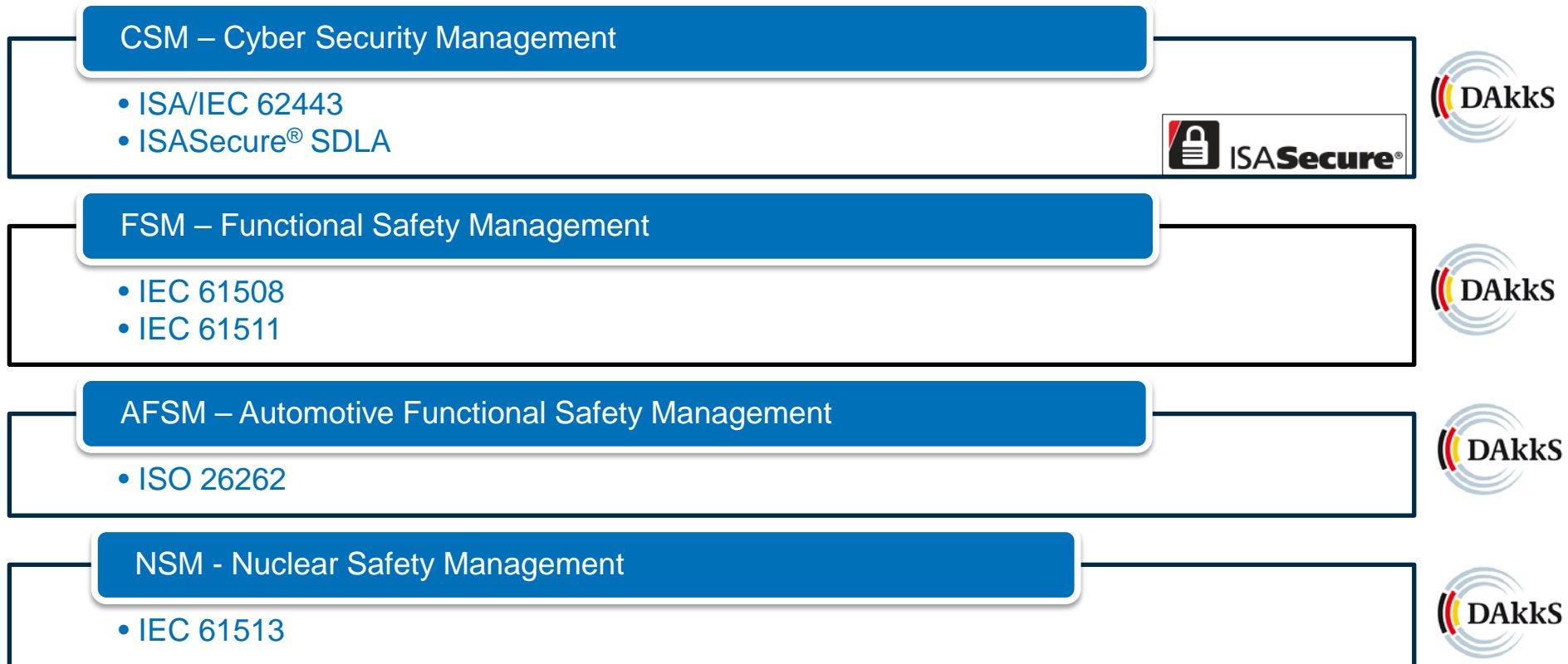
General Definitions Metrics	Operator Requirements on processes of the plant owner	System Integrator Requirements to achieve a secure system	Product Supplier Requirements to secure system components
IEC 62443-1-1 Terminology, concepts and models	IEC 62443-2-1 Requirements for an IACS security management system	IEC 62443-3-1 Security technologies for IACS	IEC 62443-4-1 Product development requirements
IEC 62443-1-2 Master glossary of terms and abbreviations	IEC 62443-2-2 Implementation guidance for an IACS security management system	IEC 62443-3-2 Security risk assessment and system design	IEC 62443-4-2 Technical security requirements for IACS products
IEC 62443-1-3 System security compliance metrics	IEC 62443-2-3 Patch management in the IACS environment	IEC 62443-3-3 System security requirements and security levels	
IEC 62443-1-4 IACS security lifecycle und use-case	IEC 62443-2-4 Requirements for IACS solution suppliers		



IEC

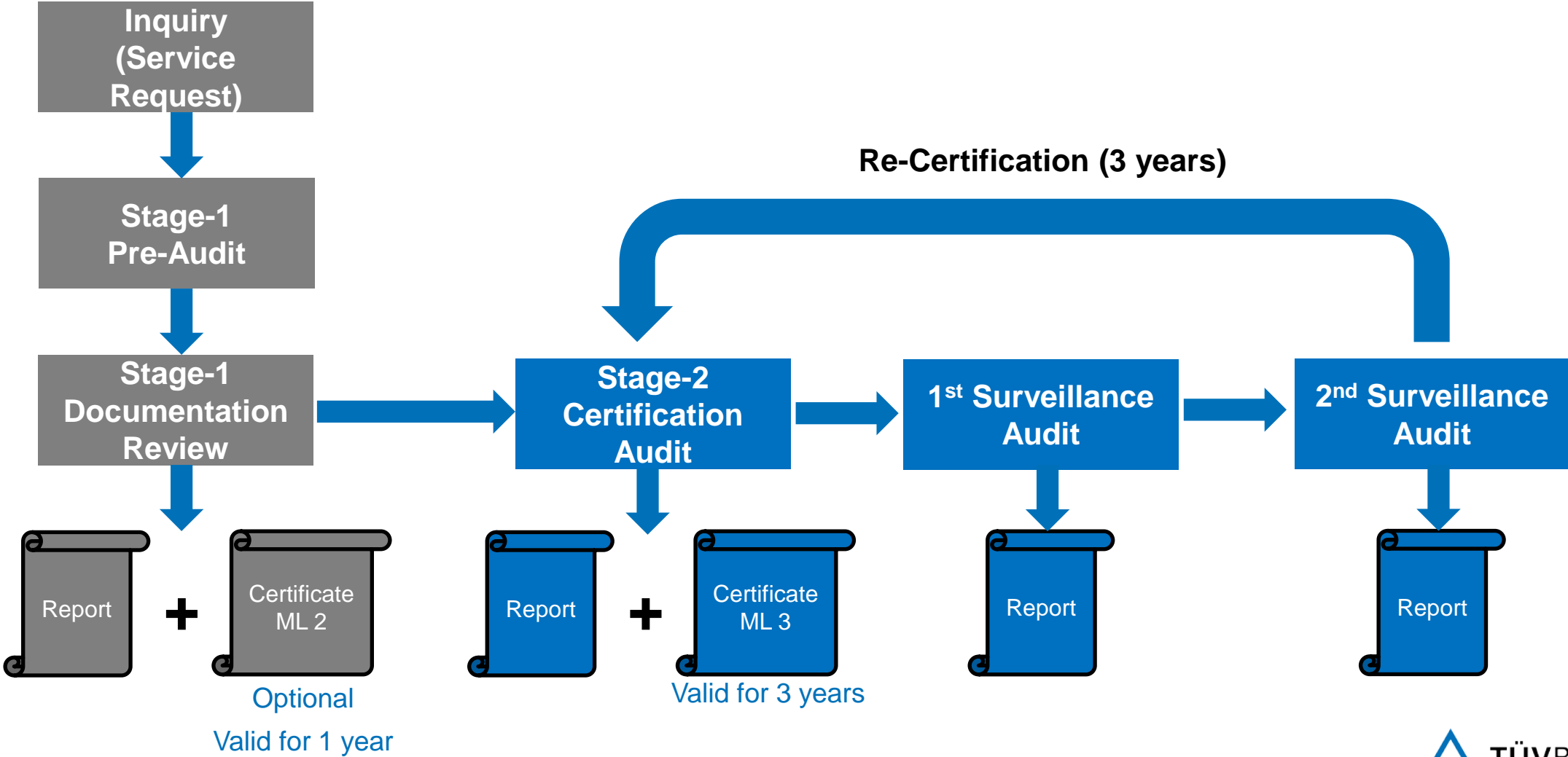
*Source of the picture: IEC 62443-4-1:2018

TÜV Rheinland Services for the Certification of Management Processes



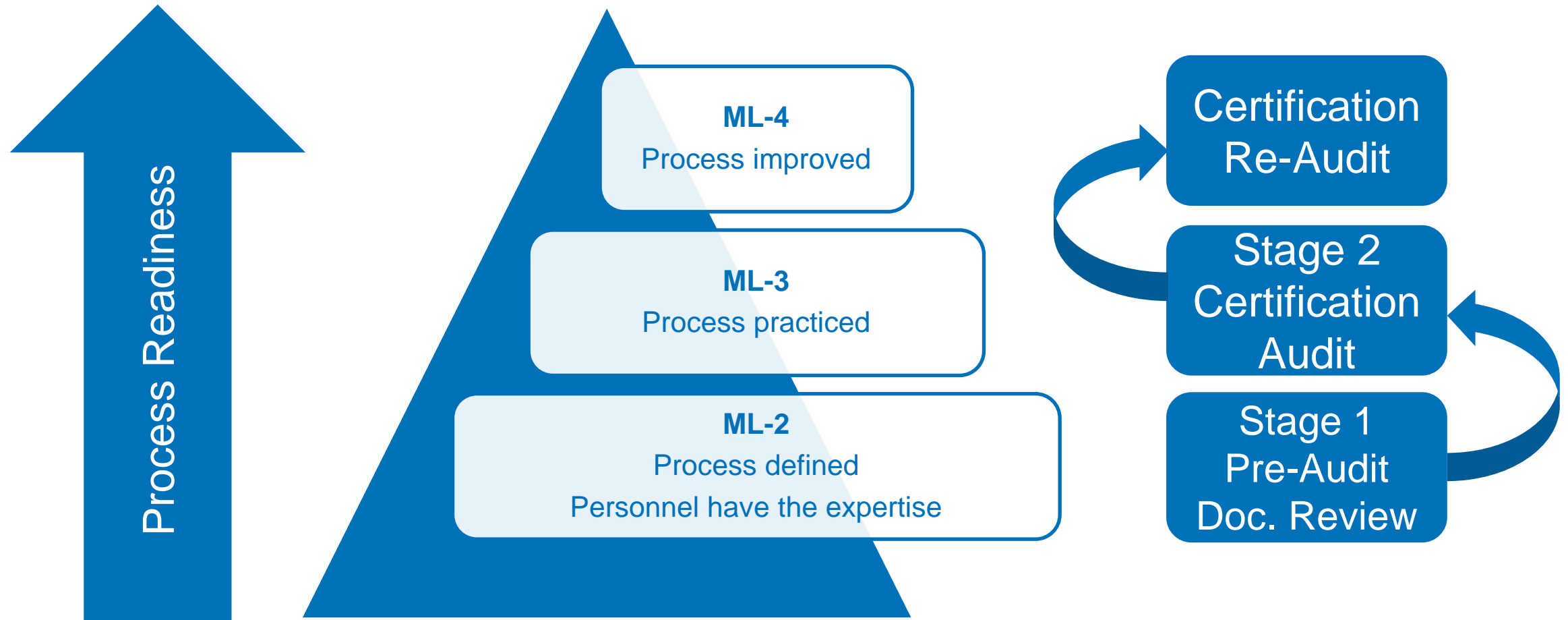
 TÜV Rheinland organization and procedures of certification program are based on ISO/IEC 17021

Audit and Certification Procedure (based on ISO/IEC 17021)



General overview of audit and certification process

Maturity Level (according to IEC 62443)



Scope of Certificate



Local Scope:
Named Development Organization(s)

Technical Scope:
Standard considered as basis for audit

Certification Procedure Stage 1: Pre-Audit

- Auditee's security process is mostly pre-defined
- Evaluation of auditee's processes to identify possible deviations or gaps
- Auditing responsible roles and their expertise
- Evaluation of the Auditee's location and site-specific conditions



Result → Open Item List with identified gaps



Certification Procedure Stage 1: Documentation Review

- Evaluation of documented version of the organization's process
- Review of all relevant process documentation:
 - organization chart
 - procedures
 - work instructions
 - templates, forms
 - further process documentation



Result → (optional) ML-2 Certificate



Offline
TÜV Location



1 Auditor



As soon as all
open items are
closed

Certification Procedure Stage 2: Initial Certification Audit

- Review of representative artifacts to verify that each requirement has been followed for products under the scope of the process

Pre-conditions:

- Stage 1 audit has been completed, open items have been clarified,
- **at least one project has been completed**



Result → ML-3 Certificate

	Auditee Location
	2 Auditors
	2 Days

Certification Procedure: **Surveillance Audit** (annual)

- Evaluation of process application in everyday operations of auditee
- Based on project execution
- Based on spot checks of selected topics



Auditee Location



1 Auditor



1 Days

Certification Procedure: Re-Certification Audit (three years cycle)

- Confirm the effectiveness of the complete management processes of the auditee
- Review of process applicability and improvement measures
- Evaluation of auditee's potential to achieve ML-4 certificate



Result → ML-3/4 Certificate

	Auditee Location
	1-2 Auditors
	1-2 Days

Certificate



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- Local Scope
 - Development Organization
 - Named Development Process
- Technical Scope
 - ISA/IEC 62443-4-1 (or ISA/IEC 62443-2-4)
- Expiration Date
 - ML-2: 1 year
 - ML-3: 3 years
- Published
 - www.certipedia.com/fs-products



IEC 62443 - CSA Certification

- **Component Security Assurance**
- Certification of
 - software applications
 - embedded devices
 - host devices
 - network devices
- Equivalent to IEC 62443-4-2

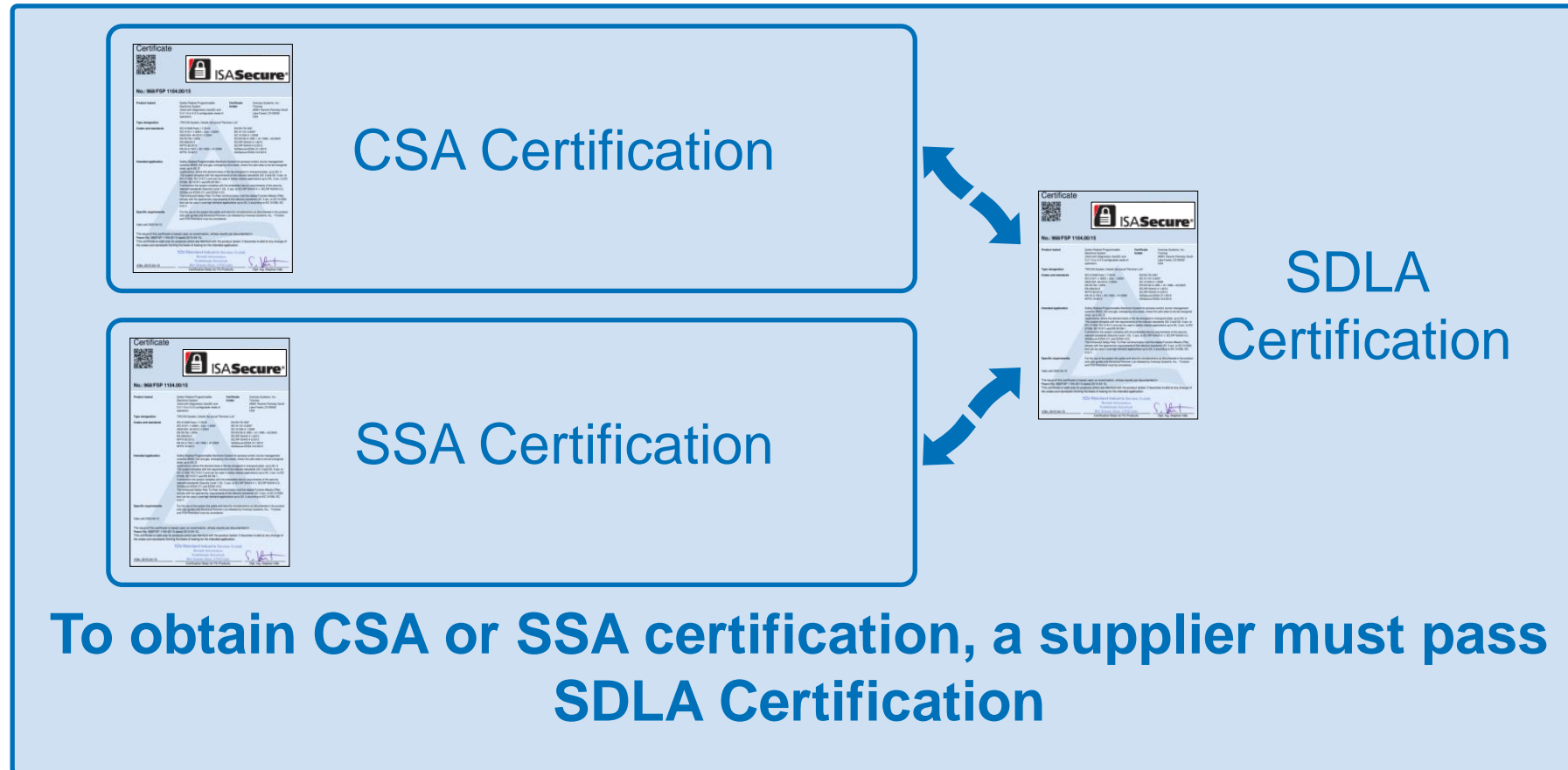
IEC 62443 -SSA Certification

- **System Security Assurance**
- Certification of automation control systems
- Equivalent to IEC 62443-3-3

IEC 62443 - SDLA Certification

- **Security Development Lifecycle Assurance**
- Certification of development lifecycle processes of suppliers for control system and products
- Equivalent to IEC 62443-4-1

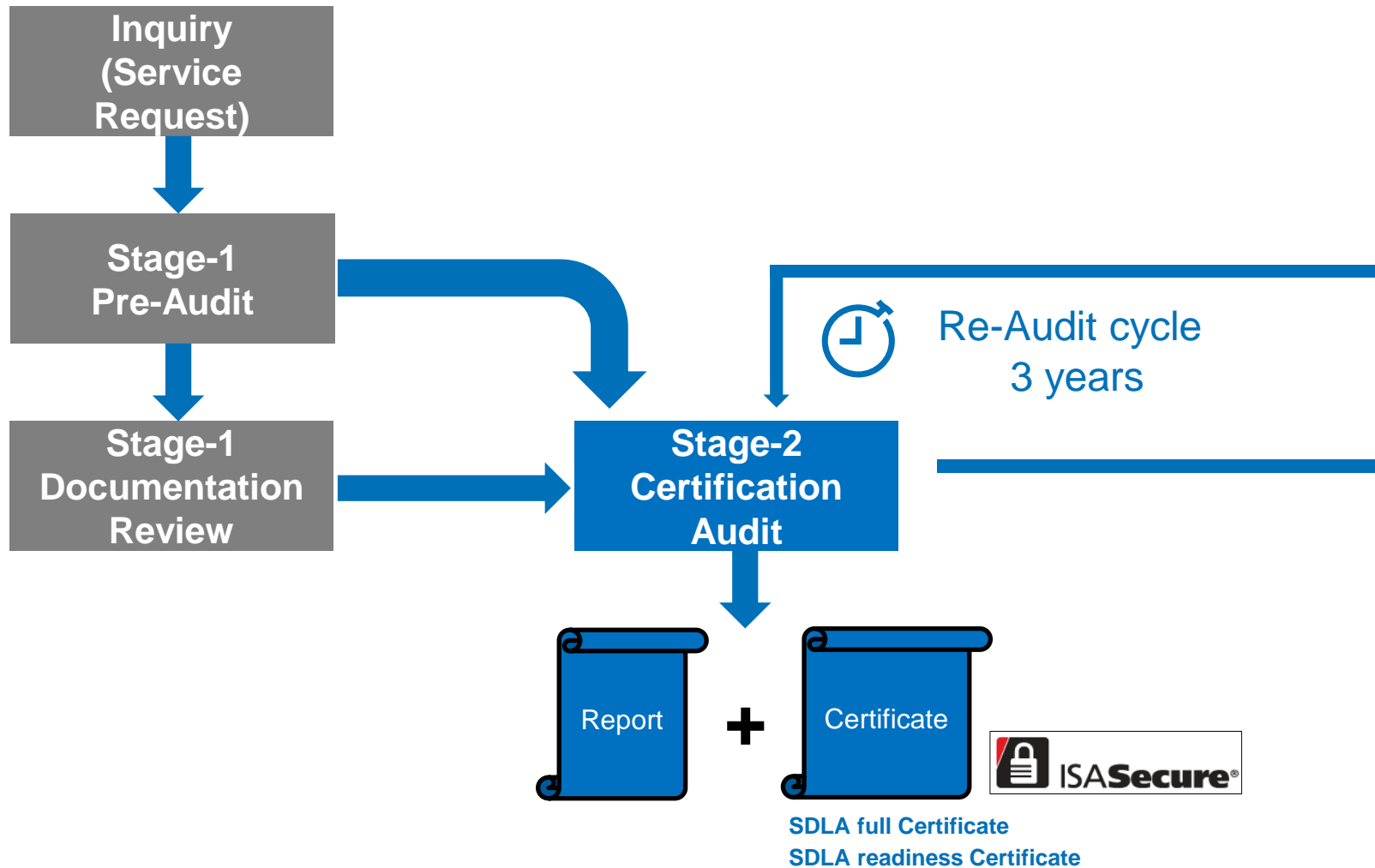
ISASecure® Certification Program



Introduction ISASecure® ISA/IEC 62443-4-1 SDLA program

Part 3/5

Audit and Certification Procedure (according to ISASecure® SDLA program)



ISA Secure® SDLA Certificate



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- Local Scope
 - Development Organization
 - Named Development Process
- Technical Scope
 - ISA Secure® SDLA Program (incl. Version)
 - ANSI/ISA-62443-4-1
 - IEC 62443-4-1
- Expiration Date
 - SDLA readiness: 1 year
 - SDLA full: 3 years
- Published
 - www.ISASecure.org
 - www.certipedia.com/fs-products

Overview of ISASecure® ISA/IEC 62443 SDLA requirements

Part 1/2

ISASecure® SDLA Requirements (SDLA-300)



- Named development organization or organizations
- Named, documented security development lifecycle (SDL) process under version control
- Responsible roles are defined and expertise available
- Process artifacts as evidence that the organization is following SDL
 - Readiness evaluation
 - Full evaluation



Overview of ISASecure® ISA/IEC 62443 SDLA requirements

Part 2/2

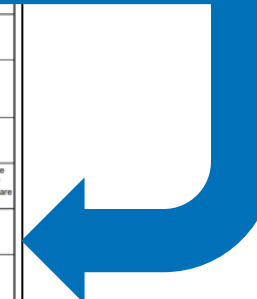
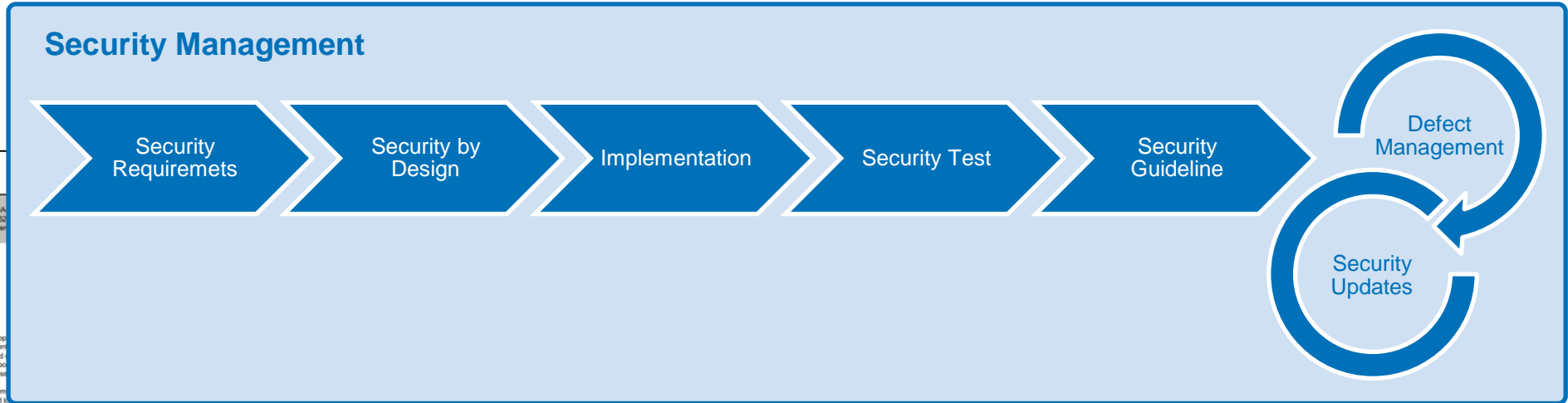
ISASecure® Security Development Lifecycle Assessment (SDLA-312)



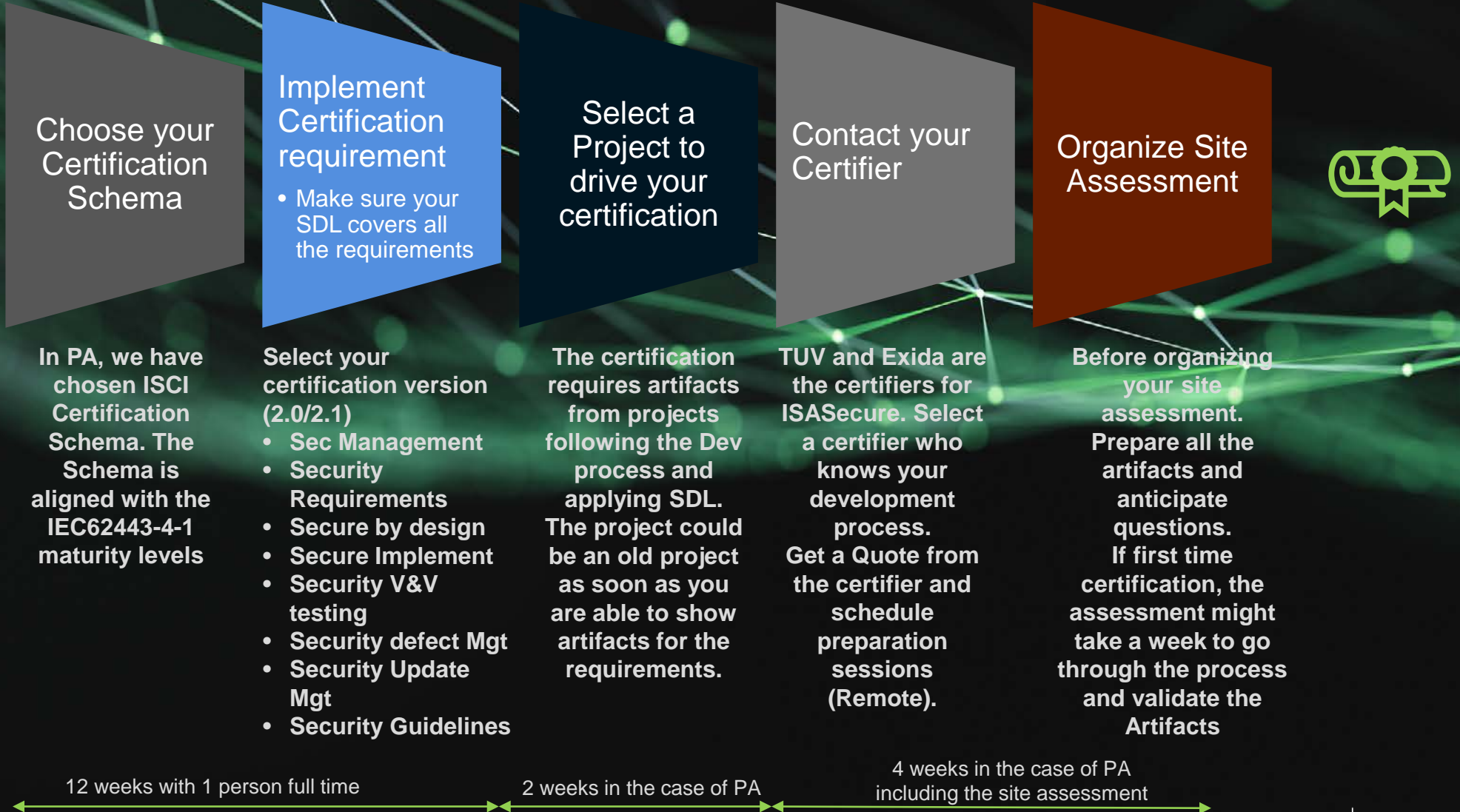
Security Development Lifecycle (IEC 62443-4-1)

SDLA-312

System Component	ANSI/ISA-62443-4-1 IEC 62443-4-1 Requirement Number	ANSI/ISA-62443-4-1 IEC 62443-4-1 Requirement Name	ANSI/ISA-62443-4-1 IEC 62443-4-1 Requirement Description	Verification Method	Verification Objectives	Verification Results	Verification Evidence		
X	X	SM-1	Development Process	A general product development process shall be documented (consistent and integrated product development process) 9001 [13] certified process (limited to: a) configuration management controls and audit records b) product description and requirements definition with requirements traceability, c) software or hardware design and implementation practices, such as modular design; d) repeatable testing verification and validation process; e) review and approval of all development process records; and f) life-cycle support.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SM-1C SDLA-SM-1D SDLA-SM-1E SDLA-SM-1F 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the component or system being evaluated has a documented software and hardware (if applicable) design. Verify that the verification and validation tests specified by the development process were carried out on the component or system being evaluated. Verify that the reviews and approvals of artifacts described in the development process were done for the latest major release. None. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the documented development process includes software and hardware (if applicable) design practices. Verify that these practices include items that promote modular design. Verify that the documented process includes verification and validation tests. The validation tests should provide coverage on all of the product requirements. The verification tests should include some level of module testing and integration testing. Verify that the documented process includes steps to review and approve development process artifacts such as requirements specifications, design specifications, and test plans. None. None. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-DSD-1 None None None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Note that lifecycle support is really covered by all of the other requirements in IEC 62443-4-1 since they cover the different phases of the lifecycle. Therefore, there are no additional requirements for this item.
X	X	SM-2	Identification of Responsibilities	A process shall be employed that identifies the personnel and personnel responsible for each of the processes required by this standard.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SM-2 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that all security related activities and that those responsible for carrying out the activities are listed in the project documentation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify the documented standard development lifecycle requires that all security related activities and those responsible for carrying out the activities are documented. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SMP-1.1 	
X	X	SM-3	Identification of applicability	A process shall be employed for identifying products (or parts of products) to which this standard applies.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SM-3 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the system or product under evaluation is one where it has been determined and documented that the security development lifecycle applies to the entire product (not just a part). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that a documented process for identifying which products (or parts or products) the security development lifecycle exists. Do some sample auditing to confirm that the process is being used on the products identified by this process. At least 3 products should be reviewed in the sample auditing, unless there are not that many products identified by this process. In that case all products identified by this process should be reviewed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> None 	
X	X	SM-4	Security expertise	A process shall be employed for identifying and providing security training and assessment programs to ensure that personnel assigned to the organizational roles and duties specified in 5.3, SM-2 – identification of responsibilities, have demonstrated security expertise appropriate for those processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SM-4 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that there is evidence of the competence of all people assigned processes defined in SDLA-SM-2 for the component or system being evaluated. This evidence can take the form of experience and qualifications, performance reviews, tests, or other assessments. Verify that everyone involved in software development has received the appropriate training and that this training and associated testing/ demonstration of baseline competency has been documented. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that company has a documented procedure to assess that personnel assigned to processes defined in SDLA-SM-2 have demonstrated security expertise appropriate for those processes. Verify that the documented development process states that for each defined role a list of required security training must be created and tracking who attends that training must be done. Verify that the required security training has been identified and that at least some developers have been trained. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDLA-SMP-1.4, SDLA-SMP-1.5 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engineers must understand what it takes to build and deliver secure features; not how to develop security features. These skills are currently not taught in most colleges and universities and on average most software engineers know very little about software security.



SDLA Certification



We hope this presentation was
informative and helpful
Happy to take Questions!

Thank you for joining our webinar

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